

French Minister as to the sending of troops to a note to the President. He declared that France and England, allied to Berlin, would not send troops to help the latter, as well as to maintain their communications with her, and that the two powers could only assist her to repulse these invasions.

"Premier Venizelos replied, making a protest on the ground that it constituted a breach of Greece's neutrality. "The circumstance that these troops are destined solely to aid Berlin," said the Premier, "in no way modifies the legal position of the king's government."

Notwithstanding the formal protest, the French and British officers were "active" cordially by the local naval, military and civil authorities, and were able to begin work immediately on their arrival. Public opinion is that it is necessary for the estate powers to give assistance to Berlin.

PARIS, Oct. 6.—Turkish troops are moving toward the Bulgarian border to join hands with the Bulgars, according to despatches received here today.

The Romanians are feverishly organizing guerrillas on the Danube, forty miles south of Bucharest, across the river from Bulgaria, according to despatches reaching Athens. Romanian officers of Bulgarian origin are being transferred to interior posts. Young reserve officers have been called up, and reserves who were to have been disbanded are being kept with the colors.

Premier Venizelos resigned because his war policy was not even supported by his own Ministry, according to an Athens despatch today. The other eight members of his Cabinet were silent when a vote of confidence in the Prime Minister was taken in the Chamber of Deputies. Athens despatches asserted.

ROME, Oct. 6 (via Paris).—Fifty Serbian army officers of high rank have arrived in Rome. Their presence has attracted much attention, as it is reported they are to accompany an Italian expedition to the Balkans.

EARL OF DERBY NEW BROOM IN RECRUITING

Appointment of Nobleman Likely to Bring Increase to British Army.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—The appointment of the Earl of Derby at the request of Lord Kitchener to take charge of recruiting for the army comes at a moment when the recruiting problem is becoming the subject of serious public criticism. Lord Derby has been an infatigable worker in recruiting to obtain the best results from the voluntary system and he is expected to command the confidence of all parties.

The Liberal papers are very hopeful of his success. The Chronicle says in an editorial: "What is wanted in the War Office recruiting department is, frankly, a new broom, and if a person of Lord Derby's authority and antecedents cannot discharge that difficult problem the Austen stable must be even worse than some of us suppose."

Held for Breaching into Synagogue. Detectives Lowenheim went to Public School No. 64 at East Ninth Street and Avenue B to-day and arrested six boys, charged with breaking into the synagogue at No. 115 Avenue D Saturday night, dragging out benches and furniture, and breaking them up to be sold for firewood. The boys were Morton Greenstein, fourteen years old, of No. 134 Avenue D; Jacob Alper, fifteen years old, of No. 125 Avenue D; Benjamin Kline, fifteen years old, of No. 132 Avenue D; Samuel Kline, eleven years old, of No. 89 East Ninth Street; David Schwartz, thirteen years old, of No. 89 East Ninth Street; and Aaron Stulberger, twelve years old, of No. 74 East Ninth Street. They will answer in the Children's Court to a charge of burglary.

RASHES, PIMPLES, ITCHING TROUBLES NEED POSLAM

When the feet itch and cause severe discomfort at the end of the day, what relief there is in a little Poslam spread gently on! Itching is allayed; annoyance from sweaty odors is removed. Under such treatment the trouble is not likely to recur quickly. Should Eczema, Rash, Pimples, Sunburn, Stings, or Mosquito Bites annoy, Poslam will quickly relieve and heal. Wonderfully helpful in Eczema and skin diseases aggravating and stubborn.

One month's trial of Poslam Soap—the soap of soaps for tender, sensitive skin—usually leads to its continued use.

For samples, send 4c stamps to Emergency Laboratories, 32 West 25th St., New York City. Sold by all Druggists.

BELLANS Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

THOMPSON'S PIMPLE-OFF. REMOVES PIMPLES IN 5 DAYS OR SHORTER TIME. Now in tubes, 25c and 50c each. At all druggists, or by mail, Thompson Chemical Co., 25 Duane St., N. Y.

THE KING OF TABLET WATER. No Extra Charge for It. Advertisement in The World may be left at any American District Manager's office in the city within 7 P. M.

FRENCH ATTACK ENTIRE LINE IN NEW FORWARD MOVEMENT; DRIVEN BACK, BERLIN CLAIMS

Paris Announces Great Battles in the Aisne and Champagne Districts.

HAND GRENADE BATTLE. WIN AT SOME POINTS.

Progress Claimed Near Givinchy After Desperate Encounters.

OFFICIAL FRENCH REPORT. PARIS, Oct. 6.—The following official statement has been issued by the War Office:

"The bombardment in which both sides have been taking part has continued in the Aisne district. It was particularly severe to the south of the forest of Givinchy. We have made some progress with the hand grenades in the connecting trenches to the southwest of the Chateau de La Folle.

"There has been reported from the remainder of the front nothing more than artillery fighting, in which both sides took part, particularly in the Champagne district, between the Meuse and the Moselle, to the north of Flirey and along the front in Lorraine, in the vicinity of Laintrey, Gondrexon and Domezey."

NOTE TO BRITISH TO RELEASE GOODS READY FOR PAGE

Secretary Lansing Takes Up Problem of Freeing Millions in American Foods.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—Secretary Lansing indicated today that the settlement of the Arabic case had cleared the way for the despatch of the note to Great Britain covering the general subject of trade negotiations and interference with American goods in neutral trade. The note has been completed and is ready to be forwarded to Ambassador Page. It is a lengthy document covering the general situation.

It is understood the note does not specifically cover the problems of the Chicago packers, who are pressing the State Department to make representations on behalf of products valued at many millions held up and in part confiscated by the British Prize Courts. This subject will be covered in a separate communication probably, although the course to be followed has not been finally determined.

On the general situation the American note, it is understood, contends that the burden of proof is upon the British Government to show that goods of neutral destination destroyed or seized are intended for Germany, and that the assumption that all food products going to Germany are intended for German military use is not justified.

Luther M. Walter, Henry Veeder and Charles J. Faulkner, representing the Chicago packers, today drafted a letter setting forth the views of the packers which will be used by the State Department.

Hair Oil for Soldiers. LONDON, Oct. 6.—British residents of Trinidad are "doing their share" in the great war. They sent forty gallons of coconut oil to London. Sikh soldiers on the western front use it for dressing their hair.

The Vicomte was divorced in Paris in 1911.

Mrs. Gruner is the daughter of Henry Dato. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. George Eggs at Trinity Chapel, Broadway and One Hundred and Sixty-sixth Street, on Oct. 10.

LAUREL WINNERS. FIRST PLACE.—Selling: for three-year-olds and up, one mile and seven furlongs—Belle Baker, 180 (Hayes) against \$11,000, show \$4,000, show \$2,000. Second: Cotton Top, 194 (J. Smith), show \$3,500, third, Time 1:54.4, from Hanover, New York. Best American Jockey and Lady Bryant also ran.

Condemned on Theft Charge. ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 6.—Court-martial has been ordered in the case of a midshipman charged with having stolen \$11 from a fellow second classmate. This is the first case of its kind that has come before the Academy authorities in many years.

Prof. Solá Discovers New Planet. BARCELONA (via Paris), Oct. 6.—Prof. Solá, Director of the Observatorio at Barcelona University, has announced that he discovered on Sept. 15 a new planet in the Pleiades constellation. The planet has a rather rapid retrograde movement.

RUSSIAN ATTACKS ARE BEATEN BACK BY HINDENBURG

Berlin Admits Initial Success of Czar's Troops at Lake Meisew.

BERLIN (via London), Oct. 6.—The War Office issued today this statement regarding the operations on the eastern front:

"Army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg. The enemy yesterday again began attacks of great importance between Lake Brastava and Krasno. The attacks were either repulsed or broke down under our fire. The enemy obtained initial successes on Krasno and south of Lake Meisew, but its counter attacks the situation was again restored to our favor, with heavy losses to the enemy.

"The situation is unchanged with the army groups of Prince Leopold of Bavaria and Field Marshal von Mackensen.

"Army group of Gen. von Linsingen: Engagements developed in the district west of Chortorysk.

"God will continue to be with our armies in the future. In the past, Field Marshal von Hindenburg telegraphed the President of the Prussian Parliament today, replying to a message of felicitation on his birthday.

A despatch from Czernowitz, Bukovina, reports that Russian forces have made a violent attack on the Austrians along the Bessarabian frontier, northeast of the city. The attack is said to have been made along the River Pruth, which the Russians attempted to cross at one place by swimming.

The despatch states that the Russians made five assaults without success and that many of them were drowned.

There has been no fighting of consequence in Bukovina for several weeks. This Austrian province was taken in large part by the Russians earlier in the war, but the invaders were expelled in the course of the Teutonic offensive movement which began in May. The attack mentioned in the Berlin despatch apparently was made by fresh forces advancing from the interior of Russia.

This movement is of great interest in view of the present state of affairs in the Balkans. The point of the Russian attack lies directly north of the Rumanian frontier. It has been assumed that if Rumania should enter the war on the side of the Entente Allies, the June 1915, the forces of Russia would be affected. It is reported from Athens today that Rumania is hurriedly sending troops to the Bulgarian frontier and making other military preparations.

2,000,000 SHELLS FIRED BY ALLIES IN BIG DRIVE

Swiss Military Experts Estimate That 360,000 Anglo-French Troops Participated in It.

BERLIN, Oct. 6.—(By wireless to Sayville.) The Overseas News Agency makes the following announcement: "The military expert of the Bund of Bern, Switzerland, estimates that the Entente Allies fired about 2,000,000 shells and employed more than thirty divisions (about 360,000 men) in their great offensive movement, which he now considers to have failed definitely.

"Turco-German Association, formed with the object of establishing closer relations between the countries, has elected as President Enver Pasha, Turkish Minister of War.

"Deposits of German savings banks in August increased 200,000,000 marks (\$30,000,000). The gain since Jan. 1 is 1,891,000,000 marks, part of which was used for meeting instalments on the war loan."

WALL STREET BUYING SENDS WHEAT KETING

Prices Show Gains of Over Seven Points in Chicago Market—December and May Lead.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Wall Street buying sent the wheat market to-day on an extraordinary upward flight. On the advance, offerings were very small until some shorts had bid as high as 53.4 above yesterday's finish. Then, concerns which have been heavy purchasers of late sold freely.

The close, however, was strong and higher than before, with Dec. at 106, and May at 107.5—a net general advance of 6.4 to 7.5.

ITEMS FOR INVESTORS. New York Stock Exchange governors approved plan to charge commissions on transactions in stocks of \$50 par value. As the question involves a change in the constitution of the Exchange the plan must be left open for a week for members to approve.

Midvale Steel & Ordnance Company incorporated with a capital of \$100,000,000.

Increase of Miami dividend to \$4 a share has led to accumulation of the stock at the low average of 15 cents a pound for copper the company could earn \$500,000 a year over its 14 dividend on an output of 60,000,000 pounds annually.

Tri-Bullion stockholders will oppose the re-election of the present management at the coming meeting.

REPUBLICANS PUT HALF-HEARTED O. K. ON CONSTITUTION

State Committee Indorses It, but One Member Describes It as "Our Dog."

A CAMPAIGN MEASURE. No Opposition, but Sentiment of Meeting by No Means Unanimous.

The Republican State Committee made the proposed new State constitution a party measure this afternoon, when, at a meeting held at the Republican Club, it adopted a resolution endorsing it and recommending it to Republican voters.

Although the final vote on the adoption of the resolution was unanimous, the sentiment of the meeting was by no means unanimous and several delegates expressed their hostility to the constitution as a whole or in part.

There were only eighty-two members of the committee present out of the membership of 150.

The Greater New York members present voted for the resolution, although one, voicing the sentiments of many others, declared he voted for it solely because he is a Republican and the Constitution is, as he expressed it, "our dog." This was Joseph Levenson of the Second Assembly District.

Charles B. Sears of Buffalo was the introducer of the resolution. Charles H. Betts, editor of the Lyons Republican, and Merton E. Lewis of Rochester immediately launched opposition to the idea of putting the State Committee on record. Mr. Lewis declared it would be a political mistake to tie the party to a measure to which there is so much opposition. He moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Several anti-State committeemen said that if the Constitution was not made a party measure they feared they would be unable to elect their Assemblymen. Chairman Frederick R. C. Tanner said that while he was sorry the matter had been brought up he could not see how the State Committee could refuse to endorse a proposed Constitution adopted by a convention overwhelmingly Republican.

The resolution to lay the original resolution on the table was defeated by a vote of 70 to 8. William Barnes's three committeemen from Albany voted in favor of the proposition. However, they withdrew their opposition when the matter came to a final vote. Col. Lafayette Gleason, secretary of the committee, in explaining his vote in the affirmative said he considered the resolution an advertisement that there is a split in the Republican party over the new constitution but he would vote for it because he is a Republican.

WALL STREET.

Closing Quotations. With net change from previous closing.

Stock	High	Low	Last	Net
Allegheny	41 1/2	41 1/4	41 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Can.	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Sugar	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Tobacco	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Oil	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Paper	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Steel	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Wire	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Zinc	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Lead	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Copper	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Nickel	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Tin	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Iron	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Coal	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Lumber	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Glass	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Rubber	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Hosiery	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Textiles	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Shoes	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Furniture	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Hardware	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Drugs	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Food	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Beverages	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4
Am. Miscellaneous	67 1/2	67 1/4	67 1/4	+ 1/4

"I have assumed in this estimate a State tax of which New York City would have to pay 48 per cent; also that city and county administrative expenses will be kept down to the level of this year."

"Will they be kept down?" asked Senator Mills.

DRASTIC ECONOMIES ARE NECESSARY IN THE CITY.

"It is possible," replied the Comptroller, "but it will mean heavy cutting in many departments. Drastic economies are very necessary in the City Government at this time."

Referring to the failure to collect taxes, the Comptroller said: "We have assumed that the amount of deficiencies in collection of taxes next year will be \$4,000,000, as compared with \$6,000,000 funded in this year's budget."

The Comptroller went into details of annual deficiencies in tax collections, and how he was trying to clean them up by including certain sums in each year's budget.

"These deficiencies," said Mr. Prendergast, "are caused for the most part by personal property taxes which it is impossible to collect and partly by franchise taxes."

More than 40 per cent of the deficiencies are caused by uncollected personal property taxes," he said. "I am not objecting to a direct State tax, nor do I oppose the amount of this year's levy as a whole," said the Comptroller. "What I do object to is the method by which it is laid on New York City. After investigation I have found that the real estate value used in all other counties in the State for the purpose of taxation do not represent full value of the property taxed. In New York, approximately full value of real estate is used, while in many counties it is far below 50 per cent—even as low as 20 per cent."

If the same basis of valuation was used in all counties, since New York would not be called upon to pay 68.1 per cent of the total State tax. Referring to the personal property tax, Comptroller Prendergast said: "The average man possessing financial property could make pretty well out of paying personal taxes without unduly affecting his income."

The Comptroller was rather despondent over the prospects of improving the personal property tax situation. He favored classifying property and imposing a very low tax that would not be enough of a burden to warrant evasion. He said he thought that would help, but it would not be a solution of the problem.

"Could personal property be assessed any more than it is at present?" asked the committee. "I don't believe so," he replied. "It could not be done to any particular advantage," the witness replied.

Taking up expenditures, Comptroller Prendergast said that they were detailed if real, intensive, drastic reduction were practised. This would cause a great deal of opposition in various quarters. Another heavy expense comes through mandatory legislation at Albany, such as equal pay law for teachers, increases for county officers, etc. The burden imposed on the city by the Legislature amounts to an average of \$10,000,000 a year.

Assemblyman MacLeod from Watertown asked whether all these measures were not originally proposed and advocated by citizens of New York.

"Yes," exclaimed the Comptroller with much heat, "by people who, after the Legislature adjourns, come back to the city and talk about home rule. The class who advocate these measures before the Legislature are the very ones who are most vociferous for home rule around election time."

Allan Robinson, Stewart Browne, Birch Helms and J. Clarence Davies, representing various real estate associations, were witnesses at the afternoon session to show how heavy is the burden of taxation laid upon New York City real estate.

MILLS PROBES PLAN NEW INCOME TAX BY THE STATE

Committee to Recommend Levy on All Annuities Over \$1,000 a Year.

PRENDERGAST HITS TAX. Comptroller Objects to Methods Employed to Shift Burden on City.

A State income tax is favored and will be recommended by the Mills Legislative Committee as the new source of revenue to meet the needs of both State and city governments. It will take the place of the present personal property tax which is pronounced unworkable and uncollectible.

The plan as far as informally developed by the committee contemplates recommending to the Legislature the levying of a very low rate, probably three or four mills on the dollar, on all incomes with \$1,000 as the minimum. Real estate, corporation and franchise taxes are to be retained.

How the proceeds of this new income tax will be divided between State, city and county governments has not been considered yet, but localities will claim all if they can get it away from the State.

COMPTROLLER IS IN FAVOR OF INCOME TAX. Comptroller Prendergast told the committee today that he favored the principle of an income tax as the best and fairest way of reaching all citizens alike, particularly the professional classes, and also office holders.

Senator Mills and his Republican associates on the committee are for the income tax.

The Democratic members are doubtful, taking the view that such a tax would not be popular and would be opposed by a majority of citizens as duplicating the present Federal income tax.

Allan Robinson, President of the Allied Real Estate Interests, indorsed the income tax system. He said to the committee:

"The only fair tax to the State and city is an income tax. The burden of taxes, at least in New York City, falls on the moderately rich and the poor. That was exactly the case in France before the French revolution."

"There could be no more serious financial situation for New York," said the Comptroller, "than to put into the tax levy a large amount of personal property taxes that cannot be collected."

"If that is to happen I should hesitate to borrow money in anticipation of collection of taxes, and I have gone so far as to say that I won't do it as long as I am Comptroller."

"For this year," said Mr. Prendergast, "the expenditures amount to \$198,000,000. The probable expenses for future years are: 1916, \$215,000,000; 1917, \$216,000,000; 1918, \$224,000,000; 1919, \$229,000,000."

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On Draught and in Rottles. Good Saloons, Restaurants and Hotels.

Evans' Ale and Stout. HAVE YOU TRIED Evans' Ale and Stout?

BANK CASHIER GETS FIVE YEARS FOR PERJURY

Half of J. L. L. Swift Family to Cover a Shortage of \$54,000.

Henry Gordon Haft, formerly cashier of the First National Bank of J. L. L. Swift, pleaded guilty to a charge of perjury in the United States Circuit Court in Alton today and was sentenced by Judge Chaffetz to serve five years in the Federal Prison at Alton. He has been out on bail since two indictments were found against him last January, charging him with swearing to false reports concerning the condition of the bank when he was employed.

Examiners for the Comptroller of the Treasury discovered a shortage of \$54,000 in the bank's funds after Haft had given under a sworn statement the question of the former cashier is not accused of having taken it, and his sentence is on the perjury charge only.

Eat Like a Boy. Let Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Assist Your Stomach Whenever It Needs Help. They Are Safe and Sure.

A TRIAL PACKAGE FREE TO ALL. If you really want your old-time boy appetite to return to you, send for a trial package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Results will amaze you.

The reason a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet is so powerful is because it is composed of those things which a weakened digestive system lacks.

If all the stomach sufferers who have been relieved of their misery by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets could be gathered together into one column, they would make a tremendous and happy army. Join this army now by getting a 30c box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, or by sending a trial coupon.